



ANSWERS & EXPLANATIONS

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Questions 1–10

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
1 C	London is the capital city of England.
2 B	The test contains 24 multiple-choice questions.
3 C	You need 18 correct answers to pass.
4 B	The test lasts 45 minutes.
5 D	St George is the patron saint of England.
6 A	Magna Carta was signed in 1215.
7 C	The Normans invaded England in 1066.
8 C	Pound Sterling is the UK currency.
9 B	God Save the King is the national anthem.
10 C	Edinburgh is the capital of Scotland.

Questions 11–20

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
11 B	Cardiff is the capital city of Wales.
12 A	Belfast is the capital of Northern Ireland.
13 B	Parliament includes the House of Commons and House of Lords.
14 C	Parliament meets at Westminster in London.
15 B	MP means Member of Parliament.
16 C	The King appoints the Prime Minister.
17 A	NHS stands for National Health Service.
18 B	The rose is England's national flower.
19 C	Scotland's national flower is the thistle.
20 B	Wales is represented by the daffodil.

Questions 21–30

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
21 A	The shamrock represents Northern Ireland.
22 B	The River Severn is the UK's longest river.
23 A	British values include democracy and rule of law.
24 C	World War II ended in 1945.
25 B	Women gained equal voting rights in 1928.



Q Answer	Quick Explanation
26 B	William Shakespeare wrote Romeo and Juliet.
27 A	Isaac Newton is linked to gravity.
28 B	Remembrance Day honours war dead.
29 C	UK post boxes are traditionally red.
30 C	The legal voting age is 18.

Questions 31–40

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
31 B	Queen Elizabeth I defeated the Spanish Armada.
32 B	Margaret Thatcher was the first female PM.
33 A	The UK flag is called the Union Jack.
34 C	The UK is a parliamentary democracy.
35 C	The monarch is Head of State.
36 B	Buckingham Palace is the monarch's London residence.
37 C	The Cenotaph is a war memorial.
38 B	Stonehenge is a prehistoric monument in England.
39 A	Shakespeare wrote Hamlet and Macbeth.
40 B	Charles Darwin developed evolution theory.

Questions 41–50

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
41 C	Alexander Fleming discovered penicillin.
42 B	Tim Berners-Lee invented the World Wide Web.
43 A	Cricket originated in England.
44 C	Wimbledon is a tennis tournament.
45 B	Bonfire Night is celebrated on 5 November.
46 A	Guy Fawkes attempted to blow up Parliament.
47 B	Fireworks are common on Bonfire Night.
48 B	Remembrance Day uses poppies to honour war victims.
49 B	Parliament has Lords and Commons.
50 B	UK citizens aged 18+ can vote.

Questions 51–60

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
51 C	General elections are usually every 5 years.
52 C	Police protect the public and uphold laws.



Q Answer	Quick Explanation
53 B	Jury service means serving in court.
54 C	Workers pay Income Tax and National Insurance.
55 B	VAT means Value Added Tax.
56 B	The House of Lords reviews laws.
57 A	Winston Churchill led Britain during WWII.
58 B	The Commonwealth is a group of nations.
59 B	Belfast is Northern Ireland's capital.
60 C	School leaving age is 16.

Questions 61–70

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
61 B	The Church of England is Anglican.
62 B	A Bank Holiday is a public holiday.
63 B	Titanic sank in 1912.
64 B	Queen Victoria ruled during the Victorian era.
65 B	Britain industrialised during the Industrial Revolution.
66 B	The Beatles came from Liverpool.
67 B	Local councils manage local services.
68 C	London buses are traditionally red.
69 A	Magna Carta established important rights.
70 A	The NHS provides healthcare services.

Questions 71–80

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
71 B	Romans built Hadrian's Wall.
72 C	Welsh is an official language in Wales.
73 B	Ben Nevis is the UK's highest mountain.
74 C	The Atlantic Ocean surrounds the UK.
75 C	The monarch performs ceremonial duties.
76 B	Freedom of speech exists within the law.
77 B	Discrimination is illegal in the UK.
78 B	Boxing Day is on 26 December.
79 C	Scotland's flower is the thistle.
80 B	Jury service must usually be attended.

Questions 81–90



Q Answer	Quick Explanation
81 B	Eligible citizens can stand in elections.
82 B	Emergency numbers are 999 and 112.
83 C	Democracy means government chosen by people.
84 B	Courts apply and interpret laws.
85 C	Shakespeare was a playwright and poet.
86 C	Cardiff is the capital of Wales.
87 C	St Patrick's Day relates to Ireland.
88 B	Remembrance Sunday honours war dead.
89 B	Trade unions represent workers.
90 C	Children must receive full-time education.

Questions 91–100

Q Answer	Quick Explanation
91 C	Tobacco sales are restricted to 18+.
92 A	Florence Nightingale improved nursing standards.
93 B	Suffragettes campaigned for women's voting rights.
94 A	Parliament makes laws.
95 B	Tolerance means respecting different beliefs.
96 A	Citizens should obey the law.
97 C	The Scottish Parliament is in Edinburgh.
98 C	St David is linked to Wales.
99 A	National Insurance funds benefits and services.
100 A	You must bring approved ID to the test centre.

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